

# PRODUCT FACT SHEET AND ORDERING INFORMATION

### **INDICATION**

BESREMi is indicated for the treatment of adults with polycythemia vera

### IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

### WARNING: RISK OF SERIOUS DISORDERS

Interferon alfa products may cause or aggravate fatal or life-threatening neuropsychiatric, autoimmune, ischemic, and infectious disorders. Patients should be monitored closely with periodic clinical and laboratory evaluations. Therapy should be withdrawn in patients with persistently severe or worsening signs or symptoms of these conditions. In many, but not all cases, these disorders resolve after stopping therapy.

#### CONTRAINDICATIONS

- Existence of, or history of severe psychiatric disorders, particularly severe depression, suicidal ideation, or suicide attempt
- Hypersensitivity to interferons including interferon alfa-2b or any of the inactive ingredients of BESREMi.
- Moderate (Child-Pugh B) or severe (Child-Pugh C) hepatic impairment
- History or presence of active serious or untreated autoimmune disease
- Immunosuppressed transplant recipients



### **Product Information**

**Product Name:** BESREMi (ropeginterferon alfa-2b-njft)

**How Supplied** 

 BESREMi 500 mcg/mL solution for injection in a single-dose prefilled syringe

### **Storage and Handling**

- Store in a refrigerator (between 36 °F to 46 °F [2 °C to 8 °C]).
- · Do not freeze.
- Keep the prefilled syringe in the original carton to protect it from light.



### IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

### WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

- Depression and Suicide: Life-threatening or fatal neuropsychiatric reactions have occurred in patients receiving interferon alfa-2b products, including BESREMi. These reactions may occur in patients with and without previous psychiatric illness.
  - Other central nervous system effects, including suicidal ideation, attempted suicide, aggression, bipolar disorder, mania and confusion have been observed with other interferon alfa products.
  - Closely monitor patients for any symptoms of psychiatric disorders and consider psychiatric consultation and treatment if such symptoms emerge. If psychiatric symptoms worsen, it is recommended to discontinue BESREMi therapy.
- Endocrine Toxicity: These toxicities may include worsening hypothyroidism and hyperthyroidism. Do not use BESREMi in patients with active serious or untreated endocrine disorders associated with autoimmune disease. Evaluate thyroid function in patients who develop symptoms suggestive of thyroid disease during BESREMi therapy. Discontinue BESREMi in patients who develop endocrine disorders that cannot be adequately managed during treatment with BESREMi.
- Cardiovascular Toxicity: Toxicities may include cardiomyopathy, myocardial infarction, atrial fibrillation and coronary artery ischemia. Patients with a history of cardiovascular disorders should be closely monitored for cardiovascular toxicity during BESREMi therapy. Avoid use of BESREMi in patients with severe or unstable cardiovascular disease, (e.g., uncontrolled hypertension, congestive heart failure (≥ NYHA class 2), serious cardiac arrhythmia, significant coronary artery stenosis, unstable angina) or recent stroke or myocardial infarction.
- Decreased Peripheral Blood Counts: These toxicities may include thrombocytopenia (increasing the risk of bleeding), anemia, and leukopenia (increasing the risk of infection). Monitor complete blood counts at baseline, during titration and every 3-6 months during the maintenance phase. Monitor patients for signs and symptoms of infection or bleeding.
- Hypersensitivity Reactions: Toxicities may include serious, acute hypersensitivity reactions (e.g., urticaria, angioedema, bronchoconstriction, anaphylaxis). If such reactions occur, discontinue BESREMi and institute appropriate medical therapy immediately. Transient rashes may not necessitate interruption of treatment.



## **Order and Package Information**

NDC code	73536-500-01	
Syringe/package contents	Each pack contains 1 single-dose prefilled syringe and 1 injection needle	

### IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

### **WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (continued)**

- Pancreatitis: Pancreatitis has occurred in 2.2% of patients receiving BESREMi. Symptoms
  may include nausea, vomiting, upper abdominal pain, bloating, and fever. Patients may
  experience elevated lipase, amylase, white blood cell count, or altered renal/hepatic
  function. Interrupt BESREMi treatment in patients with possible pancreatitis and evaluate
  promptly. Consider discontinuation of BESREMi in patients with confirmed pancreatitis.
- Colitis: Fatal and serious ulcerative or hemorrhagic/ischemic colitis have occurred in patients receiving interferon alfa products, some cases starting as early as 12 weeks after start of treatment. Symptoms may include abdominal pain, bloody diarrhea, and fever. Discontinue BESREMi in patients who develop these signs or symptoms. Colitis may resolve within 1 to 3 weeks of stopping treatment.
- Pulmonary Toxicity: Pulmonary toxicity may manifest as dyspnea, pulmonary infiltrates, pneumonia, bronchiolitis obliterans, interstitial pneumonitis, pulmonary hypertension, and sarcoidosis. Some events have resulted in respiratory failure or death. Discontinue BESREMi in patients who develop pulmonary infiltrates or pulmonary function impairment.
- Ophthalmologic Toxicity: These toxicities may include severe eye disorders such as retinopathy, retinal hemorrhage, retinal exudates, retinal detachment and retinal artery or vein occlusion which may result in blindness. During BESREMi therapy, 23% of patients were identified with an eye disorder. Eyes disorders ≥5% included cataract (6%) and dry eye (5%). Advise patients to have eye examinations before and during BESREMi therapy, specifically in those patients with a retinopathy-associated disease such as diabetes mellitus or hypertension. Evaluate eye symptoms promptly. Discontinue BESREMi in patients who develop new or worsening eye disorders.
- Hyperlipidemia: Elevated triglycerides may result in pancreatitis. Monitor serum triglycerides before BESREMi treatment and intermittently during therapy and manage when elevated. Consider discontinuation of BESREMi in patients with persistently, markedly elevated triglycerides.
- Hepatotoxicity: These toxicities may include increases in serum alanine aminotransferase (ALT), aspartate aminotransferase (AST), gamma-glutamyl transferase (GGT) and bilirubin. Liver enzyme elevations have also been reported in patients after long-term BESREMi therapy. Monitor liver enzymes and hepatic function at baseline and during BESREMi treatment. Discontinue BESREMi in patients who develop evidence of hepatic decompensation (characterized by jaundice, ascites, hepatic encephalopathy, hepatorenal syndrome or variceal hemorrhage) during treatment



## **Ordering Information for BESREMi**

BESREMi is available through a limited specialty pharmacy network.

Specialty pharmacy contact information					
Name	Phone	Fax	Website		
Biologics	800-850-4306	800-823-4506	biologics. mckesson.com		
Onco360	877-662-6633	877-662-6355	onco360.com		

### IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

### **WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (continued)**

- Renal Toxicity: Monitor serum creatinine at baseline and during therapy. Avoid use
  of BESREMi in patients with eGFR <30 mL/min. Discontinue BESREMi if severe renal
  impairment develops during treatment.</li>
- Dental and Periodontal Toxicity: These toxicities may include dental and periodontal disorders, which may lead to loss of teeth. In addition, dry mouth could have a damaging effect on teeth and mucous membranes of the mouth during long-term treatment with BESREMI. Patients should have good oral hygiene and regular dental examinations.
- Dermatologic Toxicity: These toxicities have included skin rash, pruritus, alopecia, erythema, psoriasis, xeroderma, dermatitis acneiform, hyperkeratosis, and hyperhidrosis. Consider discontinuation of BESREMi if clinically significant dermatologic toxicity occurs.
- Driving and Operating Machinery: BESREMi may impact the ability to drive and use machinery. Patients should not drive or use heavy machinery until they know how BESREMi affects their abilities. Patients who experience dizziness, somnolence or hallucination during BESREMi therapy should avoid driving or using machinery.
- Embryo-Fetal Toxicity: Based on the mechanism of action, BESREMi can cause fetal harm when administered to a pregnant woman. Pregnancy testing is recommended in females of reproductive potential prior to treatment with BESREMi. Advise females of reproductive potential to use an effective method of contraception during treatment with BESREMi and for at least 8 weeks after the final dose.



If you are a member of one of the oncology GPOs listed below, you may purchase BESREMI through the following specialty distributors:

- VitalSource<sup>™</sup>
- Unity/Onmark
- ION

Specialty distributor contact information					
Name	Phone	Fax	Website		
ASD Healthcare	800-746-6273	800-547-9413	asdhealthcare.com		
Oncology Supply	800-633-7555	800-248-8205	oncologysupply.com		
Cardinal SPD	877-453-3972	877-274-9897	specialtyonline.cardinalhealth.com		
McKesson Plasma and Biologics (MPB)	877-625-2566	888-752-7626	mckesson.com		
McKesson Specialty Care Dist. (MSH)	800-482-6700	800-289-9285	mckesson.com		

### IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

### **ADVERSE REACTIONS**

The most common adverse reactions reported in > 40% of patients in the PEGINVERA study (n=51) were influenza-like illness, arthralgia, fatigue, pruritis, nasopharyngitis, and musculoskeletal pain. In the pooled safety population (n=178), the most common adverse reactions greater than 10%, were liver enzyme elevations (20%), leukopenia (20%), thrombocytopenia (19%), arthralgia (13%), fatigue (12%), myalgia (11%), and influenza-like illness (11%).

### **DRUG INTERACTIONS**

Patients on BESREMi who are receiving concomitant drugs which are CYP450 substrates with a narrow therapeutic index should be monitored to inform the need for dosage modification for these concomitant drugs. Avoid use with myelosuppressive agents and monitor patients receiving the combination for effects of excessive myelosuppression. Avoid use with narcotics, hypnotics or sedatives and monitor patients receiving the combination for effects of excessive CNS toxicity.

# Personalized Patient Support Services



PharmaEssentia SOURCE can guide patients through the access and reimbursement process and offer personalized support throughout their treatment.

PharmaEssentia SOURCE patient support services access information			
Phone	Fax		
800-700-5053	800-700-5065		
Email	Website		
info@pharmaessentiasource.com	PharmaEssentiaSOURCE.com/HCP		

For additional product information about BESREMi, please contact PharmaEssentia Medical Information at 800-999-2449.

### IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

#### **USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS**

- Pregnancy: Based on mechanism of action and the role of interferon alfa in pregnancy and fetal development, BESREMi may cause fetal harm and should be assumed to have abortifacient potential when administered to a pregnant woman. There are adverse effects on maternal and fetal outcomes associated with polycythemia vera in pregnancy. Advise pregnant women of the potential risk to a fetus.
- Lactation: There are no data on the presence of BESREMi in human or animal milk, the effects on the breastfed child, or the effects on milk production. Because of the potential for serious adverse reactions in breastfed children from BESREMi, advise women not to breastfeed during treatment and for 8 weeks after the final dose.
- Females of Reproductive Potential: BESREMi may cause embryo-fetal harm when administered to a pregnant woman. Pregnancy testing prior to BESREMi treatment is recommended for females of reproductive potential. Advise female patients of reproductive potential to use effective contraception during treatment with BESREMi and for at least 8 weeks after the final dose.
- Pediatric Use: Safety and effectiveness in pediatric patients have not been established.
- Geriatric Use: In general, dose selection for an elderly patient should be cautious, usually starting at the low end of the dosing range, reflecting the greater frequency of decreased hepatic, renal, or cardiac function and of concomitant disease or other therapy.

Please see accompanying full **Prescribing Information**, including Boxed Warning.

### PharmaEssentia<sup>®</sup>

